

### New Mexico Survey Key Findings April 2025

### Methodology

New Bridge Strategy conducted a survey among N=400 registered voters throughout New Mexico from April 2 - 6, 2025.

Interviews were conducted via live telephone interviews (both cell phones and landlines) and online via email invitation and text-to-web. Quotas were set for key demographic sub-groups, such as gender and age. Interviews were distributed proportionally throughout the state.

The margin of error is  $\pm$ 4.9% for the overall sample. The margin of error will vary for sub-groups.

### **Key Demographics**



Male

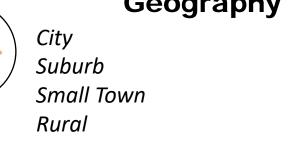
#### Age Gender 18-34 48% 35-44 Female 52% 45-54 55-64 65+ Geography 28% 25%

28%

19%

55%

45%



Ε	du	са	tio	n

21%

19%

14%

17%

29%

33%

19%
30%
30%
21%



Ethnicity	
White	
Voters of Color	

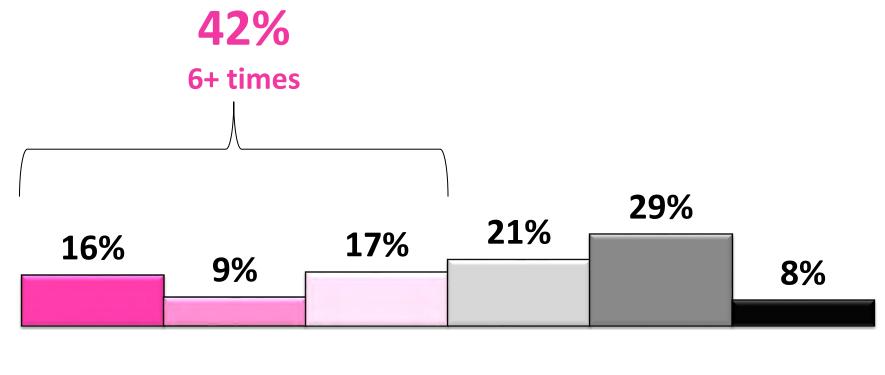


#### Party

Republican

Independent	24%
Democrat	43%

### More than nine-in-ten New Mexico voters have visited public lands in the last year.



■ More than 20 times ■ 11-20 times □ 6-10 times □ 3-5 times ■ Once or twice ■ Never

Thinking about national public lands – Over the past year, how many times do you think you have visited public lands such as national parks, national forests, national monuments, national wildlife refuges, or other national public lands?

#### New Mexico voters are engaged in a wide range of outdoor activities.

Hiking or trail running	<b>69%</b>
Camping	57%
Bird watching and viewing wildlife	<b>42%</b>
Kayaking, canoeing or boating	23%
Riding an off-road vehicle or snowmobile	22%
Snow shoeing, skiing or boarding	21%
Mountain biking	<b>16%</b>
None of these	12%



**Total Hunter/ Angler** 

Do you consider yourself to be a hunter, an angler or both?

Which of the following types of outdoor activities do you participate in regularly?

### Majorities of New Mexico voters say all of these benefits of national public lands are extremely or very important except oil and gas development.

Helping to keep air and water clean.*	% Extremely /Very Important 88%
Providing a place for wildlife to live^	86%
Conserving natural areas for future generations^	86%
Protecting historic sites, such as Native American and pioneer sites*	80%
Providing a place for outdoor recreation, like camping and biking*	79%
Attracting visitors, which helps local businesses, restaurants, hotels and shops^	73%
Providing a place to hunt and fish^	70%
Providing land for ranchers for grazing*	64%
Providing land to be leased for oil and gas development	39%
The following are some attributes and potential benefits of having national public lands in the Western United States. For each one, please indicate how im	portant that is to you personally as a benefit of national

public lands: is it extremely important, very important, somewhat important, or not important?

\*Asked of Sample A, N=202 ^Asked of Sample B, N=198 **NEW BRIDGE** S T R A T E G Y



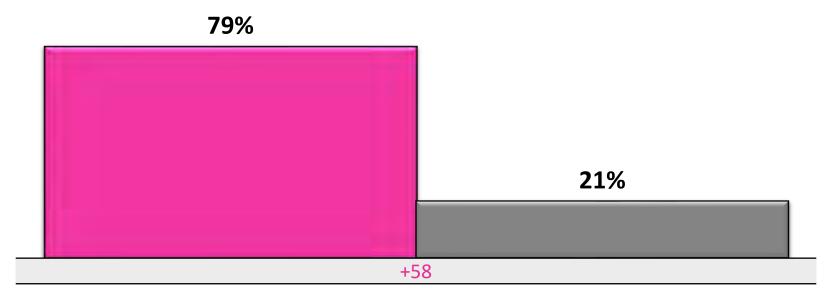
### Policies affecting oil and gas development on national public lands

#### We provided the following information to respondents:

Oil and gas companies pay landowners in order to develop on their land. In the case of national public lands, they pay certain fees and a percentage of the value of the oil and gas they produce on national public lands to the Department of Interior and the affected state. Congress and the Bureau of Land Management recently increased some of these fees to help cover land management costs and provide funding to state governments.

### Nearly four-in-five New Mexico voters say we should keep the fees that oil and gas companies pay at their current rate.

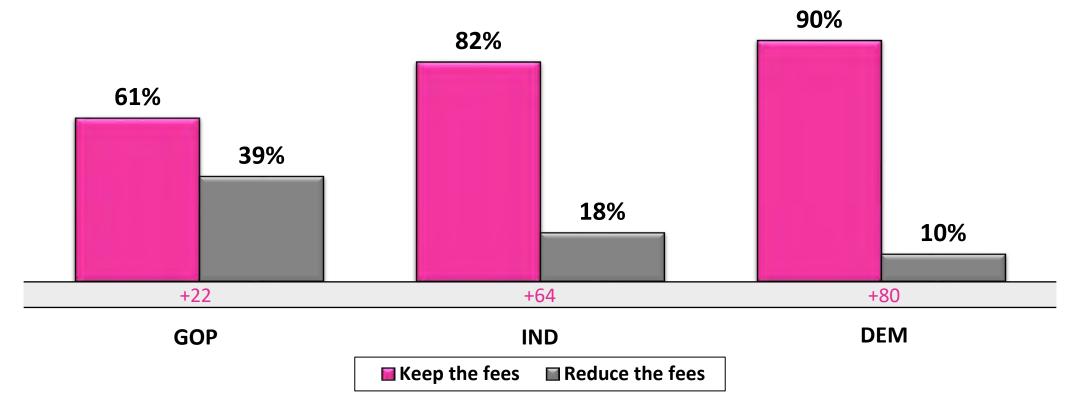
Some people have suggested that these fees related to oil and gas development on national public lands should be reduced. Do you think we should -



Keep the fees that oil and gas companies pay at their current rate Reduce the fees so that oil and gas companies pay less

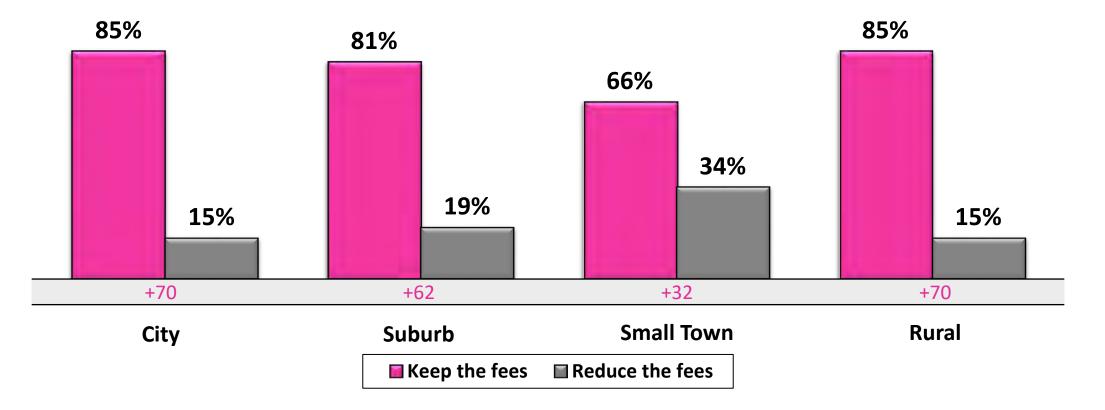
### Majorities of voters across party lines think the fees should be kept at their current rate.

Some people have suggested that these fees related to oil and gas development on national public lands should be reduced. Do you think we should -

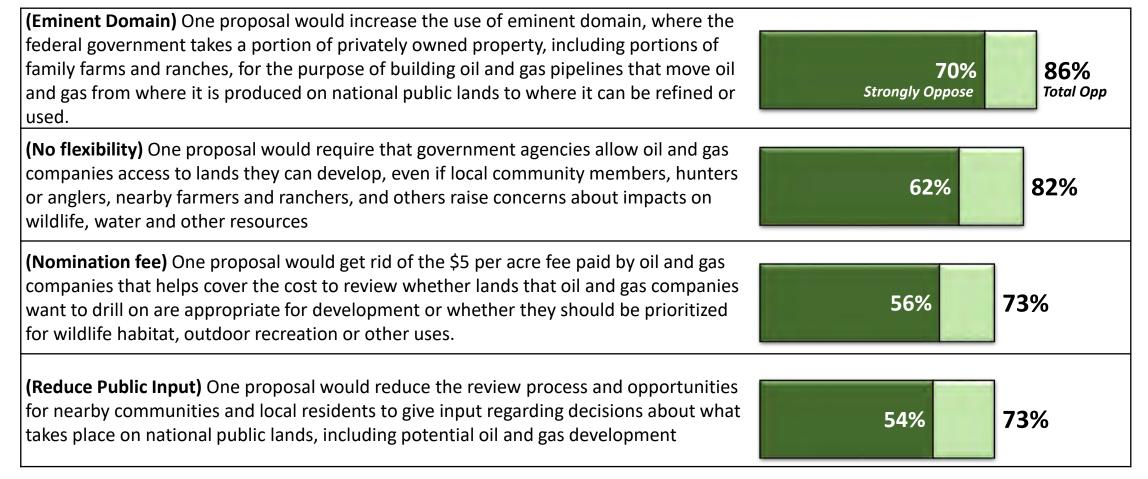


# And majorities across geographic areas of the state agree with this as well.

Some people have suggested that these fees related to oil and gas development on national public lands should be reduced. Do you think we should -



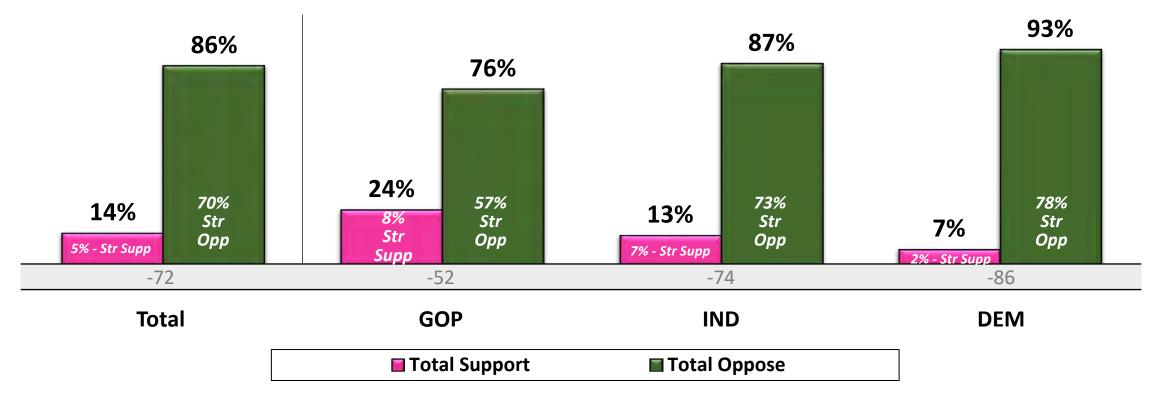
# More than seven-in-ten voters oppose changing current standards and fees for oil and gas development on public lands.



Some people have made proposals that would set standards for how oil and gas companies operate on national public lands. For each one of these, please indication whether that sounds like something you would strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose.

# Increasing the use of eminent domain in order to build pipelines is opposed by the vast majority of New Mexicans.

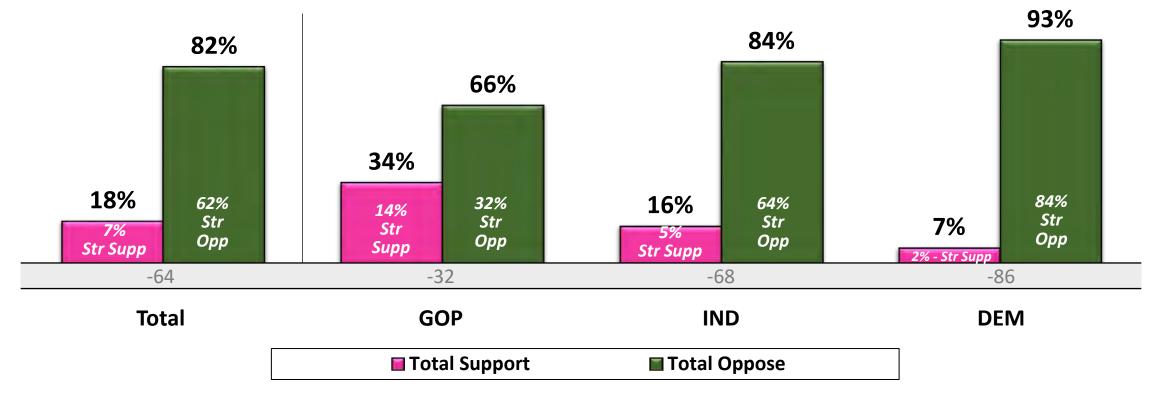
(Eminent Domain) One proposal would increase the use of eminent domain, where the federal government takes a portion of privately owned property, including portions of family farms and ranches, for the purpose of building oil and gas pipelines that move oil and gas from where it is produced on national public lands to where it can be refined or used.



Some people have made proposals that would set standards for how oil and gas companies operate on national public lands. For each one of these, please indicate whether that sounds like something you would strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose.

# New Mexico voters across party lines oppose limiting flexibility for agencies to adjust based on community input, including two-in-three Republicans.

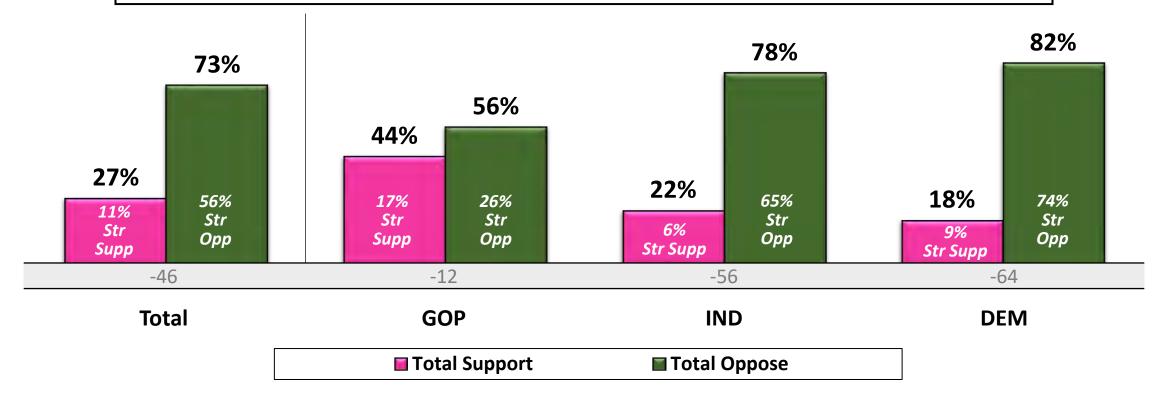
(No flexibility) One proposal would require that government agencies allow oil and gas companies access to lands they can develop, even if local community members, hunters or anglers, nearby farmers and ranchers, and others raise concerns about impacts on wildlife, water and other resources



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#### The majority across party lines oppose eliminating nomination fees as well.

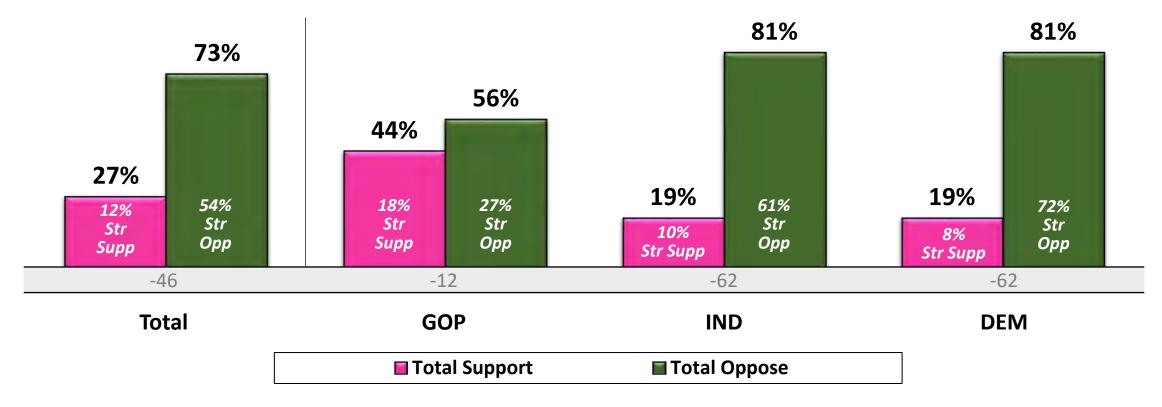
(Nomination fee) One proposal would get rid of the \$5 per acre fee paid by oil and gas companies that helps cover the cost to review whether lands that oil and gas companies want to drill on are appropriate for development or whether they should be prioritized for wildlife habitat, outdoor recreation or other uses.



Some people have made proposals that would set standards for how oil and gas companies operate on national public lands. For each one of these, please indicate whether that sounds like something you would strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose.

# A majority of voters across party lines oppose reducing the review process and thereby public input.

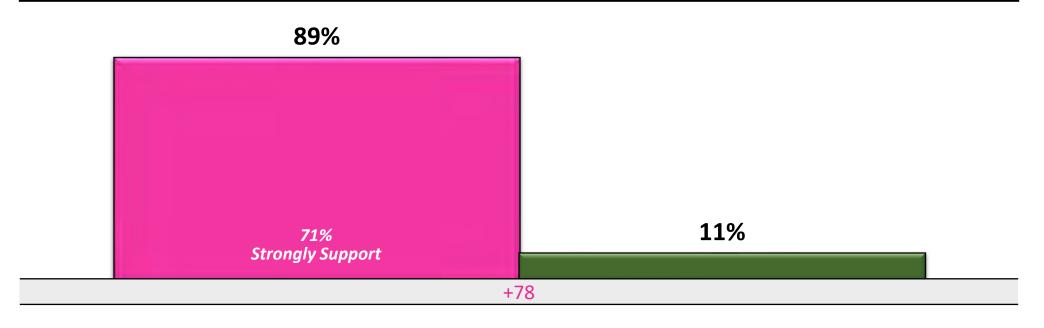
(Reduce Public Input) One proposal would reduce the review process and opportunities for nearby communities and local residents to give input regarding decisions about what takes place on national public lands, including potential oil and gas development



Some people have made proposals that would set standards for how oil and gas companies operate on national public lands. For each one of these, please indicate whether that sounds like something you would strongly support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose.

# In a survey from earlier this year, nearly nine-in-ten New Mexico voters support keeping bonding requirements.

Keeping the requirement that oil and gas companies, rather than taxpayers, pay for all of the clean-up and land restoration costs after drilling is finished.



Total Support

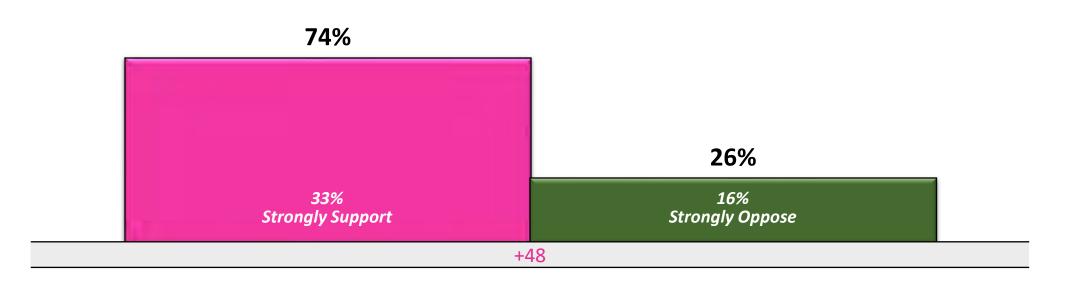
Total Oppose

Thinking now about our national public lands, such as U.S. forests and national monuments. There are a number of actions which could be taken in the next year or two. For each one, please indicate if you would support or oppose each one.

\*Data from 2025 State of the Rockies Project

# The same January survey showed nearly three-in-four support restricting where companies can drill to areas with high likelihood to produce oil and gas.

Only allowing oil and gas companies the right to drill in areas of public land where there is high likelihood to actually produce oil and gas.



Total Support
Total Oppose

Thinking now about our national public lands, such as U.S. forests and national monuments. There are a number of actions which could be taken in the next year or two. For each one, please indicate if you would support or oppose each one.

\*Data from 2025 State of the Rockies Project

# A majority of state voters are very concerned about the loss of federal employees who oversee national public lands.

	Very Concerned	Total Concerned
Having fewer park rangers and other employees who provide visitor services and maintain national public lands.	<b>59%</b>	74%
Having fewer employees who monitor and oversee oil and gas sites and other industry activities on national public lands.	58%	73%
Having fewer scientists and wildlife biologists to monitor and care for fish and wildlife on national public lands.	57%	73%

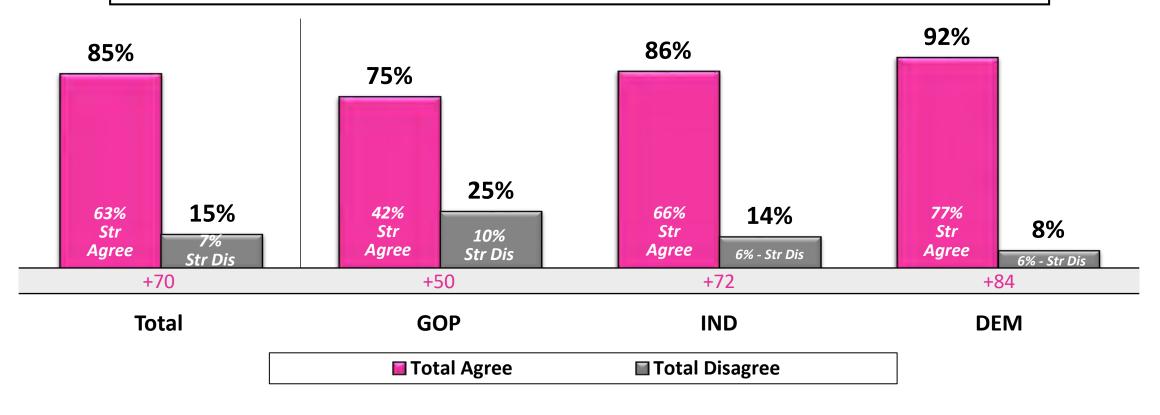
Switching topics – As you may know, some employees of government agencies which oversee national public lands like the ones we have been discussing have been fired in recent weeks. How concerned are you about each of the following – very concerned, somewhat concerned, not very concerned, not at all concerned.



### Strong agreement on core values related to national public lands policies

## Strong majorities overwhelmingly agree with ensuring the broader public interest, rather than limiting uses of public lands through leasing.

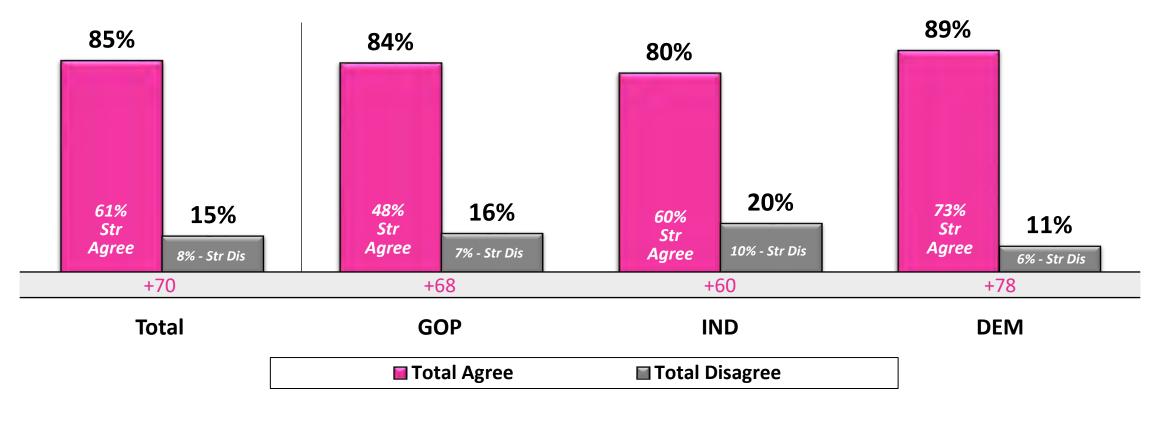
When land is leased to oil and gas companies it can limit other uses of that land, including hunting, fishing, viewing wildlife, riding ATV's and other recreation. We need to ensure the broader public interest is represented in all decisions about how national public lands are used so that future generations of Americans can enjoy them as we do today.



Taking a step back for a moment – For each one, please indicate whether you generally agree or disagree.

## Four-in-five voters across party lines say that we should be cautious in siting oil and gas development on national public lands.

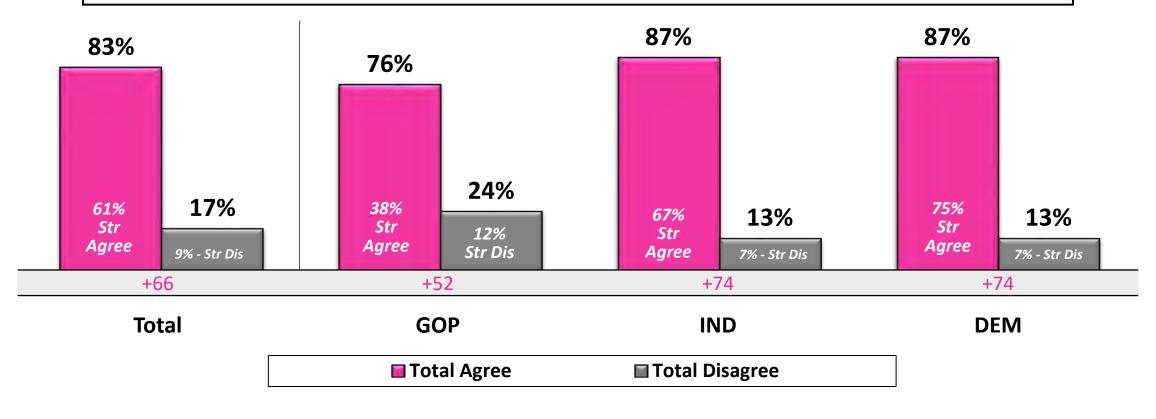
Oil and gas development can take place in some areas of national public lands responsibly, but some areas close to rivers and streams or where threatened wildlife migrate are too important to risk. We need to be cautious, allow adequate public input, and not risk potentially impacting sources of drinking water and wildlife habitat.



Taking a step back for a moment – For each one, please indicate whether you generally agree or disagree.

## Three-quarters of voters of all partisan persuasions agree with this statement about the importance of protecting private landowners' rights as well.

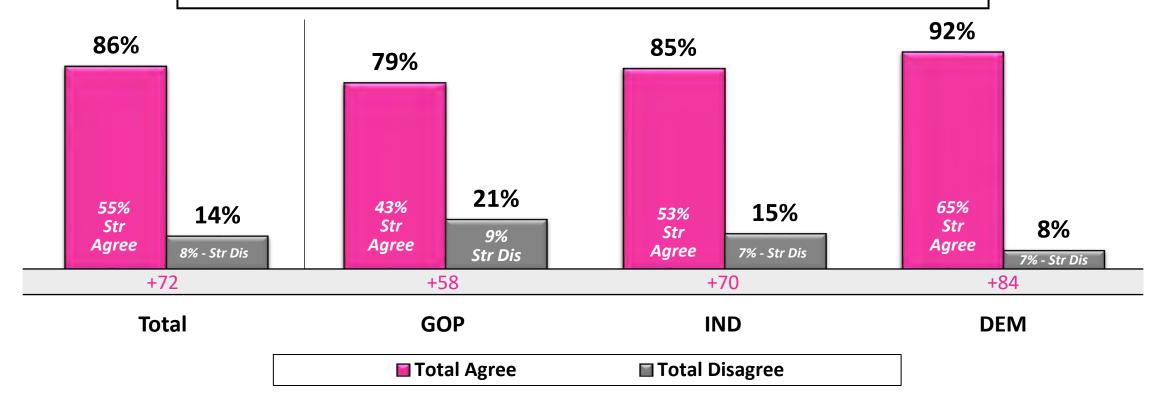
Increasing oil and gas development will not just affect national public lands, but also farms, ranches and nearby communities. The government has indicated that they may take private land through eminent domain to complete oil and gas pipelines. We need to not only protect our national public lands, but private landowners' rights as well.



Taking a step back for a moment – For each one, please indicate whether you generally agree or disagree.

# Similarly, there is little partisan distinction when it comes to protecting taxpayer interests from oil and gas development activities on public lands.

Taxpayers have lost out on billions of dollars in revenue from the oil and gas industry's development on our national public lands and sometimes been stuck with the bill for cleaning up abandoned wells. We should keep those updated rates in place to protect taxpayers.



Taking a step back for a moment – For each one, please indicate whether you generally agree or disagree.



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